

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND
COMPLIANCE REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2024



SINGLETON, CLARK
& COMPANY, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Taylor Independent School District
Name of School District

Williamson
County

246-911
Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one) approved disapproved for the year ended June 30, 2024, at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the 18 day of November, 2024.


Signature of Board Secretary


Signature of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are):
(attach list as necessary)

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of
Taylor Independent School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Taylor Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis section which precedes the basic financial statements and the pension and other post-employment benefits liabilities related schedules following the notes to the financial statements be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining schedules of non-major governmental funds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedules of non-major governmental funds and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

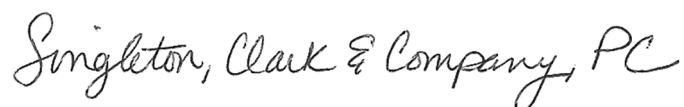
Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included within the annual report. The other information comprises exhibits required by the Texas Education Agency which present property tax collection and receivable information, budget-to-actual comparisons for the Child Nutrition Fund and Debt Service Fund, and information related to expenditure levels of selected state funding allotments. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover this other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2024 on our consideration of Taylor Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Singleton, Clark & Company, PC
Cedar Park, Texas

September 27, 2024

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Taylor Independent School District (the "District") discuss and analyze the financial performance of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read this information in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position for governmental activities increased by \$7,383,341 as a result of this year's current operations, to end at \$21,283,626.
- Total governmental funds of the District (the General Fund plus all Special Revenue Funds, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Debt Service Fund) reported an overall fund balance decrease of \$19,049,520, to end at \$87,317,320.
- The General Fund of the District reported a fund balance increase of \$831,150 for the year, to end at \$16,732,618.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL SECTION

The Financial Section is the most substantial part of this Annual Financial and Compliance Report. It consists of the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis (this section), a set of basic financial statements with required note disclosures, and finally, required supplementary information and other supporting statements and schedules as applicable.

Independent Auditor's Report

State law requires the District's financial statements to be audited by an independent certified public accountant each year. The primary purpose of the annual audit is for the auditor to express an opinion as to whether the financial statements of the District appear to be free from material misstatement. The audit is required to be conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The District received an *Unmodified* opinion on its financial statements this year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of the report is intended to introduce the financial statements and to provide discussion and analysis regarding the financial performance of the District during the year. The MD&A is written by management of the District and provides for a less formal presentation of the financial activities of the District than is found within the basic financial statements themselves.

Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements consist of a series of financial statements and required note disclosures. These statements include government-wide financial statements which present the District in a consolidated and long-term manner using full-accrual accounting similar to that of a business enterprise, and fund financial statements which present a more detailed view of the District using a more short-term view and traditional modified-accrual governmental accounting. These financial statements are followed with detailed notes which provide narrative explanations and additional data for full disclosure of information.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Required Supplementary Information

The previously discussed Management's Discussion and Analysis section is considered to be required supplementary information, however, the governmental reporting framework requires that it be presented before the financial statements. When applicable, additional required supplementary information must follow the financial statements. Within this financial report, the District presents required schedules related to its participation in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Plan.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

The combining statements provide detailed information about the District's nonmajor funds. While the primary financial statements present the nonmajor funds in a consolidated manner, the combining statements list all of the nonmajor funds separately, each in its own column. In addition, this section also includes schedules required by the Texas Education Agency to report tax collection information and budget to actual information for the District's child nutrition and debt service functions.

OVERVIEW OF THE FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Report on Internal Controls and Compliance

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, the auditor is required to consider the internal controls the District has in place over financial reporting and whether any noncompliance with rules, laws, and regulations was noted during the audit. This report describes the scope of the testing of internal control and compliance, however, it does not provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control or on compliance.

Report on Compliance and Internal Control for Each Major Program

Because the District expended more than \$750,000 in federal grant awards, an additional independent auditor's report on compliance and internal control over the District's major federal grant programs was required. This report provides an opinion by the independent audit firm that the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements applicable to the federal grants received and expended.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) provides a detailed listing of the federal grant awards received by the District during the year. This listing includes federal grant names, identification numbers, and amounts expended.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

The Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs provides an overall summary of auditor results, including identification of the type of opinion on the financial statements, whether any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal controls were observed by the audit firm, and whether any material noncompliance was noted. This schedule also lists information related to the audit of the District's major federal programs and lists any audit findings reported by the audit firm for the year.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins with the government-wide financial statements which immediately follow this section. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The primary purpose of these financial statements is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the District and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by the State of Texas in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the District's net position and changes in net position. The District's net position (the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows) provides one measure of the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, school districts divide up their financial activities as follows:

- Governmental activities – School districts report basic services here, including the instruction of students, counseling, co-curricular activities, child nutrition services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, state block grants based on student attendance and demographics, and other state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities – School districts may charge a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides for child care programs or other activities that closely model a business venture.

Our school district reported governmental activities this year, however, we did not engage in business-type activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements follow the government-wide statements and provide detailed information about the most significant funds of the District, not the District as a whole. Laws and regulations require the District to establish separate funds, such as for grants received from the state and federal government, money received from bond issues for capital projects, or for money raised specifically for debt service purposes, in order to clearly display financial accountability for use of these funds.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

School districts use two different kinds of funds for operations, governmental funds and proprietary funds, which use different accounting approaches.

- A school district will use *governmental funds* to account for basic services. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- A school district will use *proprietary funds* to account for the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District). Proprietary funds use the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, when a district utilizes enterprise funds, (one category of proprietary funds) these are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but they contain more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. Internal service funds (the other category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide supplies and services for a district's other programs and activities, such as a district's self-insurance programs.

Our District reported several governmental funds this year, however, we did not utilize proprietary funds.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and alumni scholarship programs. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages that follow the governmental fund and proprietary fund financial statements. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is however responsible for applying sound financial internal controls over these funds and for ensuring that these resources are used for their intended purposes.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$13,900,285 to \$21,283,626. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was \$3,333,663 at June 30, 2024. The increase in governmental net position was primarily due to factors such as a gain on the sale of land and an increase of capitalized assets.

Table I
TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023	Change
Current & Other Assets	\$ 100,970,535	\$ 111,477,860	\$ (10,507,325)
Capital Assets	99,486,999	76,452,076	23,034,923
Total Assets	<u>200,457,534</u>	<u>187,929,936</u>	<u>12,527,598</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,843,918	11,823,352	(979,434)
Current Liabilities	14,868,386	6,261,298	8,607,088
Long-Term Liabilities	163,361,377	165,113,340	(1,751,963)
Total Liabilities	<u>178,229,763</u>	<u>171,374,638</u>	<u>6,855,125</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,788,063	14,478,365	(2,690,302)
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,654,168	16,432,387	(7,778,219)
Restricted	9,295,795	8,124,157	1,171,638
Unrestricted	3,333,663	(10,656,259)	13,989,922
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 21,283,626</u>	<u>\$ 13,900,285</u>	<u>\$ 7,383,341</u>

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Table II
TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023	Change
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 697,258	\$ 779,933	\$ (82,675)
Operating Grants & Contributions	8,521,748	10,727,838	(2,206,090)
General Revenues:			
Maintenance & Operations Taxes	17,360,459	20,972,760	(3,612,301)
Debt Service Taxes	7,839,384	7,462,692	376,692
State Aid - Formula Grants	13,237,430	10,167,674	3,069,756
Grants & Contributions not Restricted	240,922	1,185,638	(944,716)
Investment Earnings	5,733,556	1,604,642	4,128,914
Miscellaneous	780,188	1,227,566	(447,378)
Total Revenue	54,410,945	54,128,743	282,202
Expenses:			
Instruction	21,883,687	20,641,316	1,242,371
Instructional Resources & Media Services	365,280	317,314	47,966
Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	1,110,307	754,588	355,719
Instructional Leadership	890,080	1,097,423	(207,343)
School Leadership	2,283,819	2,126,592	157,227
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	1,705,241	1,695,241	10,000
Social Work Services	86,113	155,566	(69,453)
Health Services	382,198	329,674	52,524
Student Transportation	1,354,759	1,255,648	99,111
Food Services	2,392,842	2,246,470	146,372
Extracurricular Activities	1,455,947	1,454,354	1,593
General Administration	1,704,123	1,765,014	(60,891)
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	5,275,770	5,048,554	227,216
Security and Monitoring Services	834,260	367,889	466,371
Data Processing Services	782,664	723,225	59,439
Community Services	620,286	611,164	9,122
Debt Service	4,782,617	3,345,579	1,437,038
Payments to Member Dist. of SSA	-	1,899,711	(1,899,711)
Payments to JJAEP Program	61,629	46,345	15,284
Other Intergovernmental Charges	159,845	144,801	15,044
Total Expenses	48,131,467	46,026,468	2,104,999
Special Items	1,103,863	28,090	1,075,773
Change in Net Position	7,383,341	8,130,365	(747,024)
Net Position at 7/1/23 and 7/1/22	13,900,285	5,769,920	8,130,365
Net Position at 6/30/24 and 6/30/23	\$ 21,283,626	\$ 13,900,285	\$ 7,383,341

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this annual period, the General Fund reported a fund balance of \$16,732,618, which is \$831,150 more than last year's total of \$15,901,468. The increase in fund balance is mainly attributable to the sale of district owned land during the year.

The District's Debt Service Fund reported a fund balance of \$7,123,618 which is \$1,395,416 more than last year's total of \$5,728,202. The Debt Service fund balance was more at June 30, 2024, as compared to the prior year end due to an increase in the Existing Debt Allotment from the state that was approximately \$500,000 more than the final amended budget. The purpose of the Debt Service Fund is to provide for the payment of bond principal and interest payments as it becomes due.

The District's Major Capital Projects fund reported an ending fund balance of \$60,558,041, which is \$20,817,512 less than last year's total of \$81,375,553. This decrease is due to expenditures related to ongoing capital improvements and construction projects.

The District's other governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,903,043. This combined balance is \$458,574 less than the previous year. The primary reason for this change in the combined fund balance was due to the disbursement of funds from the dissolution of the special education cooperative and equipment purchases in the Non-Major Capital Projects Fund.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees generally revises the District's budget based on financial updates provided by management of the District. These amendments involve moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs, or to react to originally unforeseen circumstances, such as unanticipated new revenues or unavoidable new costs. Budget amendments made in the Instruction and Other Resources line items were considered significant.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2024, the District had \$99,486,999 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance.

A summary of the ending balances of capital assets by major category for both 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023	Change
Land	\$ 1,453,296	\$ 1,553,296	\$ (100,000)
Construction in Progress	26,978,750	2,392,473	24,586,277
Buildings	106,412,589	106,282,337	130,252
Furniture and Equipment	7,959,113	7,000,618	958,495
Right to Use Lease Assets	798,356	791,830	6,526
Total	<u>143,602,104</u>	<u>118,020,554</u>	<u>25,581,550</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(44,115,105)</u>	<u>(41,568,478)</u>	<u>(2,546,627)</u>
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	<u>\$ 99,486,999</u>	<u>\$ 76,452,076</u>	<u>\$ 23,034,923</u>

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Debt

At year-end, the District had \$145,054,738 in bonds and other long-term debt outstanding versus \$148,447,061 last year. The decrease is attributable to the District making scheduled payments on its long-term debt during the year.

A summary of the ending balances of long-term debt by type for both 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023	Change
Bonds Payable	\$ 144,771,553	\$ 148,015,343	\$ (3,243,790)
Right to Use Lease Assets Payable	157,488	126,262	31,226
Compensated Absences Payable	125,697	305,456	(179,759)
Total	<u>\$ 145,054,738</u>	<u>\$ 148,447,061</u>	<u>\$ (3,392,323)</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2024- 2025 budget and tax rates. Those factors include property values, changes in enrollment, the economy, projections of future budget years, and legislative mandates. The District has adopted a General Fund budget of \$38.9 million for the 2024-2025 fiscal year. This reflects an approximate increase of \$3.59 million in budgeted expenditures from the fiscal year 2023-2024 adopted budget to fiscal year 2024-2025.

For the 2024-2025 budget year, the District has increased its maintenance and operations tax rate at \$0.7869 per hundred of taxable value. The District adopted a debt service tax rate of \$0.3131 for the 2024-2025 budget year in order to fund required debt payments in the coming year. The combined tax rate of the District for the 2024-2025 budget year is \$1.100 per hundred of taxable value.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office, at Taylor Independent School District, 3101 North Main Street, Suite 104, Taylor, Texas 76574, or by calling (512) 365-1391.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	Primary Government <u>1</u> Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 22,751,480
1120 Investments - Current	71,695,960
1225 Property Taxes Receivable, net	778,486
1240 Due from Other Governments	5,687,176
1290 Other Receivables, net	55,410
1410 Deferred Expenditures or Expenses	2,023
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land Purchase and Improvements	1,453,296
1520 Buildings and Improvements, net	68,811,577
1530 Furniture and Equipment, net	2,090,122
1550 Right to Use Assets, net	153,254
1580 Construction in Progress	26,978,750
1000 Total Assets	<u>200,457,534</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1700 Deferred Outflows-Bond Refundings	2,349,959
1705 Deferred Outflows-Pension	7,189,979
1706 Deferred Outflows-OPEB	1,303,980
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>10,843,918</u>
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	6,699,582
2140 Interest Payable	1,993,657
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	276,551
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	3,019,058
2180 Due to Other Governments	32,807
2200 Accrued Expenses	974,548
2300 Unavailable Revenue	1,872,183
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501 Due Within One Year	4,563,629
2502 Due in More Than One Year	140,491,109
2540 Net Pension Liability	12,753,272
2545 Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability	5,553,367
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>178,229,763</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605 Deferred Inflows-Pension	2,960,401
2606 Deferred Inflows-OPEB	8,827,662
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>11,788,063</u>
NET POSITION	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,654,168
Restricted for:	
3820 Federal & State Programs	1,944,064
3850 Debt Service	7,351,731
3900 Unrestricted	3,333,663
3000 Total Net Position	<u>\$ 21,283,626</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	1 Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Rev. & Changes in Net Position	
		3 Charges for Services	4 Operating Grants and Contributions	6 Primary Gov. Governmental Activities	
Primary Government:					
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
11	Instruction	\$ 21,883,687	\$ 239,785	\$ 2,828,444	\$ (18,815,458)
12	Instructional Resources & Media Services	365,280	-	13,308	(351,972)
13	Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	1,110,307	-	739,242	(371,065)
21	Instructional Leadership	890,080	-	332,367	(557,713)
23	School Leadership	2,283,819	-	109,673	(2,174,146)
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	1,705,241	-	354,765	(1,350,476)
32	Social Work Services	86,113	-	81,219	(4,894)
33	Health Services	382,198	-	34,548	(347,650)
34	Student Transportation	1,354,759	-	69,351	(1,285,408)
35	Food Services	2,392,842	364,853	2,257,277	229,288
36	Extracurricular Activities	1,455,947	67,824	36,750	(1,351,373)
41	General Administration	1,704,123	24,796	48,498	(1,630,829)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	5,275,770	-	128,473	(5,147,297)
52	Security and Monitoring Services	834,260	-	280,451	(553,809)
53	Data Processing Services	782,664	-	18,493	(764,171)
61	Community Services	620,286	-	101,997	(518,289)
72	Interest on Long-Term Debt	4,776,317	-	1,086,892	(3,689,425)
73	Bond Issuance Cost & Fees	6,300	-	-	(6,300)
95	Payments to JJAEP Program	61,629	-	-	(61,629)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges	159,845	-	-	(159,845)
TG	Total Governmental Activities:	<u>48,131,467</u>	<u>697,258</u>	<u>8,521,748</u>	<u>(38,912,461)</u>
TP	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	<u>\$ 48,131,467</u>	<u>\$ 697,258</u>	<u>\$ 8,521,748</u>	<u>(38,912,461)</u>
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes				17,360,459
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service				7,839,384
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants				13,237,430
GC	Grants and Contributions, not Restricted				240,922
IE	Investment Earnings				5,733,556
MI	Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue				780,188
	Total General Revenues				<u>45,191,939</u>
S1	Gain on Sale of Land				1,201,675
S2	SSA Disbursements				(97,812)
TR	Total General Revenues, Special Items, and Transfers				<u>46,295,802</u>
CN	Change in Net Position				7,383,341
NB	Net Position -- Beginning				13,900,285
NE	Net Position -- Ending				<u>\$ 21,283,626</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2024

Data	10	50	60
Control Codes	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Major Capital Projects Fund
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,074,675	\$ 6,609,560	\$ -
1120 Investments - Current	4,092,020	-	67,603,940
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	611,527	253,459	-
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)	(61,154)	(25,346)	-
1240 Due from Other Governments	4,108,038	514,058	-
1260 Due from Other Funds	879,218	-	-
1290 Other Receivables	55,410	-	-
1410 Deferred Expenditures	2,023	-	-
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 22,761,757</u>	<u>\$ 7,351,731</u>	<u>\$ 67,603,940</u>
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 462,167	\$ -	\$ 5,986,269
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	276,551	-	-
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	2,718,268	-	-
2170 Due to Other Funds	144,283	-	176,595
2180 Due to Other Governments	3,374	-	-
2200 Accrued Expenditures	91,513	-	883,035
2300 Unavailable Revenues	1,782,610	-	-
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>5,478,766</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,045,899</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2600 Deferred Inflows-Unavailable Revenues	550,373	228,113	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>550,373</u>	<u>228,113</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable:			
3430 Prepaid Items	2,023	-	-
Restricted for:			
3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted	-	-	-
3470 Capital Acq. and Contractual Oblig.	-	-	60,558,041
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	7,123,618	-
Committed for:			
3510 Construction	959,182	-	-
3525 Retirement of Loans or Notes Payable	182,009	-	-
3530 Capital Expenditures for Equipment	500,000	-	-
3545 Other Committed Fund Balance	500,000	-	-
Assigned for:			
3550 Construction	400,000	-	-
3565 Retirement of Loans and Notes Payable	380,000	-	-
3580 Self Insurance	235,180	-	-
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	-	-	-
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance	13,574,224	-	-
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>16,732,618</u>	<u>7,123,618</u>	<u>60,558,041</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 22,761,757</u>	<u>\$ 7,351,731</u>	<u>\$ 67,603,940</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	98	
Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$ 3,067,245	\$ 22,751,480	
-	71,695,960	
-	864,986	
-	(86,500)	
1,065,080	5,687,176	
-	879,218	
-	55,410	
-	2,023	
<u>\$ 4,132,325</u>	<u>\$ 101,849,753</u>	
\$ 251,146	\$ 6,699,582	
-	276,551	
300,790	3,019,058	
558,340	879,218	
29,433	32,807	
-	974,548	
89,573	1,872,183	
<u>1,229,282</u>	<u>13,753,947</u>	
-	778,486	
<u>-</u>	<u>778,486</u>	
-	2,023	
1,944,064	1,944,064	
391,804	60,949,845	
-	7,123,618	
-	959,182	
-	182,009	
-	500,000	
-	500,000	
-	400,000	
-	380,000	
-	235,180	
567,175	567,175	
-	13,574,224	
<u>2,903,043</u>	<u>87,317,320</u>	
<u>\$ 4,132,325</u>	<u>\$ 101,849,753</u>	

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2024

		1
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	87,317,320
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets	\$	143,602,104
Less accumulated depreciation	(44,115,105)	99,486,999
2 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable, including unamortized premiums	(144,771,553)	
Deferred Charges on Refunding	2,349,959	
Right to use & SBITA payables	(157,488)	
Compensated absences	(125,697)	
Net pension liability	(12,753,272)	
Net OPEB liability	(5,553,367)	(161,011,418)
3 Accrued interest on long-term debt related to governmental fund activities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.		(1,993,657)
4 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	7,189,979	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(2,960,401)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	1,303,980	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(8,827,662)	(3,294,104)
5 Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the governmental funds when collected, but recognized on the Statement of Activities in the year levied. Therefore, property taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts, is added to the Statement of Net Position for governmental activities.		778,486
29 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	<u>21,283,626</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data	10	50	60
Control Codes	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Major Capital Projects Fund
REVENUES			
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 19,057,829	\$ 8,123,517	\$ 4,414,412
5800 State Program Revenues	15,171,562	1,086,892	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	95,827	-	-
5020 Total Revenues	<u>34,325,218</u>	<u>9,210,409</u>	<u>4,414,412</u>
EXPENDITURES			
0011 Instruction	19,050,899	-	-
0012 Instructional Resources & Media Services	354,247	-	-
0013 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	313,303	-	-
0021 Instructional Leadership	548,359	-	-
0023 School Leadership	2,197,323	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	1,272,139	-	-
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	-
0033 Health Services	348,092	-	-
0034 Student Transportation	1,244,569	-	388,500
0035 Food Services	957	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	1,194,962	-	-
0041 General Administration	1,623,068	-	13,359
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	4,795,986	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	366,248	-	263,705
0053 Data Processing Services	748,234	-	-
0061 Community Services	515,697	-	-
0071 Debt Service - Principal	150,506	3,205,000	-
0072 Debt Service - Interest	11,267	4,603,693	-
0073 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Costs	-	6,300	-
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	-	24,666,260
0095 Payments to JJAEP Program	58,134	-	-
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	150,781	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>34,944,771</u>	<u>7,814,993</u>	<u>25,331,824</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(619,553)</u>	<u>1,395,416</u>	<u>(20,917,412)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
7912 Sale of Property	1,201,775	-	-
7913 Proceeds from Right to Use Lease Assets	6,526	-	-
7949 Other Resources	242,402	-	99,900
8949 Other (Uses)	-	-	-
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,450,703</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>99,900</u>
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	831,150	1,395,416	(20,817,512)
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning	15,901,468	5,728,202	81,375,553
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 16,732,618</u>	<u>\$ 7,123,618</u>	<u>\$ 60,558,041</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		98
		Total
Other	Governmental	
Funds	Funds	
\$ 837,033	\$ 32,432,791	
503,093	16,761,547	
5,720,700	5,816,527	
<u>7,060,826</u>	<u>55,010,865</u>	
2,183,995	21,234,894	
-	354,247	
747,188	1,060,491	
310,462	858,821	
13,355	2,210,678	
364,984	1,637,123	
81,549	81,549	
20,997	369,089	
32,394	1,665,463	
2,462,829	2,463,786	
200,539	1,395,501	
507	1,636,934	
132,733	4,928,719	
281,054	911,007	
-	748,234	
81,908	597,605	
3,988	3,359,494	
536	4,615,496	
-	6,300	
260,168	24,926,428	
-	58,134	
-	150,781	
<u>7,179,186</u>	<u>75,270,774</u>	
(118,360)	(20,259,909)	
-	1,201,775	
-	6,526	
-	342,302	
(340,214)	(340,214)	
<u>(340,214)</u>	<u>1,210,389</u>	
(458,574)	(19,049,520)	
3,361,617	106,366,840	
<u>\$ 2,903,043</u>	<u>\$ 87,317,320</u>	

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Total Net Change in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	\$ (19,049,520)
1	Governmental funds report the portion of capital outlay for capitalized assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
	Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$ 25,681,550
	Less current year depreciation	<u>(2,546,627)</u>
		23,134,923
2	Repayment of principal on bonds, notes, leases and SBITA is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but this expenditure is removed from the Statement of Activities and these repayments instead reduce long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.	3,359,494
3	Issuance of long-term debt increases current financial resources to governmental funds, but this increase is not shown on the Statement of Activities and instead increases long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.	(6,526)
4	Accumulated accretion on bonds issued by governmental activities is recognized only when paid in the governmental funds, but is treated as interest expense on the Statement of Activities as it accretes.	(553,808)
5	Since long-term debt is not recorded in governmental funds, amortization of related issuance premiums and discounts is also not recorded.	592,598
6	The change in accrued interest due on long-term debt issued for governmental activities does not affect current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.	(42,947)
7	Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the governmental funds when collected but recognized on the Statement of Activities in the year levied. Therefore the uncollected amount of the current year levy is added to current year property tax revenue on the Statement of Activities.	(21,946)
8	Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, pension contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position if made after the net pension liability measurement date. In addition, the change in the net pension liability, adjusted for changes in deferred pension items, is reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.	(1,196,899)
9	Governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, OPEB contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position if made after the net OPEB liability measurement date. In addition, the change in the net OPEB liability, adjusted for changes in deferred OPEB items, is reported as OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities.	1,424,071
10	Since capital assets are not reported in governmental funds, gains or losses on disposal of capital assets are also not reported in governmental funds.	(100,000)
11	Amortization of deferred charges on the refunding of bonds does not affect current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.	(156,664)
12	The decrease in compensated absences does not affect current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.	565
	29 Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 7,383,341</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	(GAAP BASIS)	
REVENUES				
5700 Local & Intermediate Sources	\$ 23,827,350	\$ 19,549,378	\$ 19,057,829	\$ (491,549)
5800 State Program Revenues	10,636,300	15,007,695	15,171,562	163,867
5900 Federal Program Revenues	700,000	700,000	95,827	(604,173)
5020 Total Revenues	<u>35,163,650</u>	<u>35,257,073</u>	<u>34,325,218</u>	<u>(931,855)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	19,670,419	19,073,642	19,050,899	22,743
0012 Instructional Resources & Media Svcs.	359,289	368,789	354,247	14,542
0013 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Dev.	216,977	325,977	313,303	12,674
0021 Instructional Leadership	565,586	570,586	548,359	22,227
0023 School Leadership	2,279,169	2,256,569	2,197,323	59,246
0031 Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Svcs.	1,163,370	1,311,370	1,272,139	39,231
0033 Health Services	302,081	356,081	348,092	7,989
0034 Student Transportation	1,253,465	1,368,465	1,244,569	123,896
0035 Food Services	2,550	2,550	957	1,593
0036 Extracurricular Activities	1,205,063	1,250,063	1,194,962	55,101
0041 General Administration	1,588,896	1,666,896	1,623,068	43,828
0051 Facilities Maintenance & Operations	4,764,511	4,933,111	4,795,986	137,125
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	252,620	383,620	366,248	17,372
0053 Data Processing Services	781,019	781,019	748,234	32,785
0061 Community Services	485,510	525,510	515,697	9,813
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long Term Debt	173,000	173,000	150,506	22,494
0072 Interest on Long Term Debt	27,500	27,500	11,267	16,233
Intergovernmental:				
0091 Contr. Instr. Svcs. between Public Schools	-	71,000	-	71,000
0095 Payments to JJAEP Program	59,134	59,134	58,134	1,000
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	162,491	150,791	150,781	10
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>35,312,650</u>	<u>35,655,673</u>	<u>34,944,771</u>	<u>710,902</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(149,000)</u>	<u>(398,600)</u>	<u>(619,553)</u>	<u>(220,953)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
7912 Sale of Property	-	2,000	1,201,775	1,199,775
7913 Proceeds from Right to Use Lease Assets	153,000	157,600	6,526	(151,074)
7949 Other Resources	-	241,000	242,402	1,402
8911 Transfers Out	(4,000)	(2,000)	-	(2,000)
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>149,000</u>	<u>398,600</u>	<u>1,450,703</u>	<u>1,052,103</u>
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	831,150	831,150
0100 Fund Balance-July 1 (Beginning)	15,901,468	15,901,468	15,901,468	-
3000 Fund Balance-June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 15,901,468</u>	<u>\$ 15,901,468</u>	<u>\$ 16,732,618</u>	<u>\$ 831,150</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	828 Private- Purpose Trust Fund	829 Private- Purpose Trust Fund	865 Custodial Fund
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 63,050	\$ 502,657	\$ 490,568
1120 Investments - Current	2,783,588	816,764	-
1000 Total Assets	<u>2,846,638</u>	<u>1,319,421</u>	<u>490,568</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
2110 Accounts Payable	-	-	11,919
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,919</u>
NET POSITION			
Restricted for:			
3800 Individuals and Organizations	2,846,638	1,319,421	478,649
3000 Total Net Position	<u>\$ 2,846,638</u>	<u>\$ 1,319,421</u>	<u>\$ 478,649</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	828 Private- Purpose Trust Fund	829 Private- Purpose Trust Fund	865 Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
5744	\$ 20,000	\$ 85,104	\$ 410,518
5750	-	-	1,070
5700	217,861	52,749	-
5020	<u>237,861</u>	<u>137,853</u>	<u>411,588</u>
Investment Earnings:			
5742	8,490	34,829	25,993
	<u>246,351</u>	<u>172,682</u>	<u>437,581</u>
DEDUCTIONS			
6300	-	-	409,514
6400	56,659	77,363	728
6030	<u>56,659</u>	<u>77,363</u>	<u>410,242</u>
1200	189,692	95,319	27,339
0100	<u>2,656,946</u>	<u>1,224,102</u>	<u>451,310</u>
3000	<u>\$ 2,846,638</u>	<u>\$ 1,319,421</u>	<u>\$ 478,649</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes those activities, organizations and functions related to Taylor Independent School District (the “District”), which are controlled by or dependent upon the District’s governing body, the Board of Trustees (the “Board”). The Board, a seven member group, is the level of government having governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the District. Since the District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources, it must comply with the requirements of the entities providing those funds. However, the District is not included in any other governmental “reporting entity” as defined by Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority. Furthermore, there are no legally separate organizations, known as “component units”, included within the reporting entity.

The accounting policies of the District comply with the rules prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in its Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FASRG). These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support. Currently however, the District has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Custodial funds have no measurement focus. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Major revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include state and federal program revenues and property taxes. No accrual for property taxes collected within sixty days of year end has been made as such amounts are deemed immaterial; delinquent property taxes at year end are reported as deferred inflows of resources within the governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Major Funds and Fund Types

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund includes financial resources that are not required to be reported separately in another fund. It is a budgeted fund, and any unrestricted fund balances are considered to be resources available for current operations.

The Debt Service Fund includes debt service taxes and other revenues collected to retire bond principal and to pay interest due. It is a budgeted fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the construction, improvement and renovation of school buildings in the District along with the acquisition of land and equipment. This fund is budgeted on a project basis rather than annually.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are governmental funds which include resources restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes by a grantor or the Board. Federally financed programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods are accounted for in these funds.

Private Purpose Trust Funds are fiduciary funds used to account for donations for which the donors have stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District utilizes this fund type to account for money collected and held for the purpose of awarding scholarships to selected students.

Custodial Funds are fiduciary funds used to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity. The District utilizes this fund type to account for funds held on behalf of student clubs and organizations.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Budgetary Information

Budgets are prepared annually for the General Fund, the Child Nutrition Fund, and the Debt Service Fund on the modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. A formal budget is prepared by the end of June and is adopted by the Board at a public meeting after public notice of the meeting has been given no earlier than the 30th day or later than the 10th day before the public hearing. The legal level of control for budgeted expenditures is the function level within the budgeted funds. Amendments to the budget are required prior to expending amounts greater than the budgeted amounts at the function level. Budgets are controlled at the departmental or campus level, the same level at which responsibility for operations is assigned. The budget was monitored by the administration throughout the year and amendments were brought to the Board as needed.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

Investments - The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by Section 2256 of the Texas Government Code ("Public Funds Investment Act"). The types of investments allowed under the Public Funds Investment Act are detailed in Note 2 - Deposits and Investments. The District's management believes that it complied with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act and the District's investment policies. The District accrues interest on temporary investments based on the terms and effective interest rates of the specific investments. Temporary investments throughout the year consisted of investments in external investment pools, which are recognized at amortized cost, and money market accounts.

Inventories - Inventories are generally not recorded in the General Fund or Child Nutrition Fund due to amounts of expendable supplies held or purchased food not being deemed material. When inventories are recorded, they are charged to expenditures when consumed. Amounts recorded are offset by a fund balance classification titled "nonspendable" which indicates that the inventory does not represent "available expendable resources."

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, construction in progress, furniture and equipment, and vehicles are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of at least \$5,000 and a useful life of greater than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, if purchased, or estimated fair value at the date of donation, if donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets (other than land and construction in progress) are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements - fifteen to thirty years, furniture and equipment - three to twenty years, and vehicles - five to ten years.

Prepaid Items - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are charged to expenditures when consumed. When prepaid items are recorded, they are charged to expenditures when the value represented by the prepaid item has been used. Amounts recorded are offset by a fund balance classification titled "nonspendable" which indicates that the prepaid item amount does not represent "available expendable resources."

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Leases - The District has entered into various lease agreements as a lessor. Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate, if available. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or lease asset.

Lessee - The District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Ad Valorem Property Taxes - Delinquent taxes, when received, are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Accumulated Sick Leave Liability - The State of Texas (the "State") has created a minimum sick leave program consisting of five days of sick leave per year with no limit on accumulation and transferability among districts for every person regularly employed in Texas public schools. Each district's local Board is required to establish a sick leave plan. Local school districts may provide additional sick leave beyond the state minimum.

Pensions - The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas ("TRS") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Other Post-Employment Benefits - The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas TRS Care Plan (TRS-Care) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, which provides guidance for reporting the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources, which represent a consumption of the District's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, and deferred inflows of resources, which represent the District's acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

Fund Balance/Deficit - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

Statement of Cash Flows - For purposes of the statement of cash flows when Proprietary Funds are used, cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits.

Fair Value Measurements - The District adopted GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. Fair value accounting requires characterization of the inputs used to measure fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows below:

- Level 1 inputs are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market the entity has the ability to access
- Level 2 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent from the entity
- Level 3 are unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available

There are three general valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value:

- Market approach - uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities
- Cost approach - uses the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost)
- Income approach - uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to present amounts based on current market expectations

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes shown on the financial statements refer to the account code structure prescribed by the FASRG. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in their financial statements to ensure accuracy in building a state-wide data base for policy development and funding plans.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Public Funds Investment Act authorizes the District to invest in funds under a written investment policy, which is approved annually by the Board. The primary objectives of the District's investment strategy for operating and custodial funds, in order of priority, are safety, investment liquidity, and maturity sufficient to meet anticipated cash flow requirements. The primary objective of the District's investment strategy for Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds is sufficient investment liquidity to meet related obligations.

The District is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines established in the investment policy:

- Obligations of, or guaranteed by, governmental entities
- Certificates of deposit and share certificates
- Fully collateralized repurchase agreements
- Securities lending programs
- Banker's acceptances
- Commercial paper
- No-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts as an investment vehicle for bond proceeds
- Public funds investment pools

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. Therefore the District is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Under the depository contract, the District, at its own discretion, may invest funds in time deposits and certificates of deposit provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States Treasury Bill rates.

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$23,807,756 and the bank balance was \$23,947,826. The District's deposits with financial institutions at June 30, 2024 and during the year ended June 30, 2024 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name. The deposits were collateralized in accordance with Texas law and the District maintains copies of all safekeeping receipts in the name of the District.

The District maintains a cash pool consisting of demand deposits. The combined pool is available for use by most Special Revenue Funds. If a fund overdraws its share of the pool, the overdraft is reported as an interfund payable in that fund. The offsetting interfund receivable is reported in the General Fund.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- a) Name of depository bank: Citizens National Bank, Texas
- b) The amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$38,589,063.
- c) The largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balance amounted to \$37,037,217 and occurred during the month of February 2024.
- d) Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of highest combined balance was \$250,000.

Investments held at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Weighted Average Maturity (Days)</u>	<u>Standard & Poor's Rating</u>
Local Government Investment Pools:			
Lone Star Investment Pool	\$ 71,695,768	1	AAAm
Texas CLASS	192	1	AAAm
Mutual Funds, ETFs, Equities, and Options	3,368,894	1	N/A
Certificates of Deposit - City National Bank	231,458	180	N/A
Total Investments	<u>\$ 75,296,312</u>		

The District had investments in two external local governmental investment pools at June 30, 2024, consisting of the Lone Star Investment Pool and Texas CLASS.

Lone Star (First Public)

The Corporate Overnight Fund is a fund within the Lone Star Investment Pool. Its objective is to maintain a stable \$1.00 per share net asset value (NAV), while it provides the highest possible rate of return. The fund represents one of three Texas public investment funds sponsored by the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB). The other funds--Government Overnight Fund and Corporate Overnight Plus Fund--also maintain S&P Global ratings. The Lone Star Investment Pool was created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act of the State of Texas as an investment vehicle for local school districts and other public entities. The funds within Lone Star Investment Pool are not registered mutual funds under the Investment Company Act of 1940, and are not available to individual investors.

The Lone Star Investment Pool is sponsored by TASB. The investment advisers to the pool are American Beacon Advisors and Standish. First Public LLC provides administrative and distribution services to the pool and State Street Bank is the custodian for all pool assets. In addition, CAPTRUST Financial Advisors monitors the pool's operations and performance and reports its findings to First Public and the board of trustees for the Lone Star Investment Pools.

Texas CLASS (Public Trust)

Texas CLASS is a local government investment pool created to meet the cash management and short-term investment needs of Texas governmental entities. Texas CLASS seeks to provide participants with a competitive market yield while maintaining daily liquidity and a stable net asset value. Fund management expects the fund to maintain a maximum dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less, and all investments will have a maximum maturity of 397 days or less, except for variable rate securities issued by the U.S. Treasury or agencies in instrumentalities, which carry a maximum maturity of 762 days. Eligible investments include securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies, or instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Public Trust Advisors, LLC serves as the pool's administrator and investment adviser. The marketing and operation functions of the portfolio are also performed by Public Trust Advisors, LLC. The pool is subject to the general supervision of the Board of Trustees and its Advisory Board, both of which are elected by the Texas CLASS Participants. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. serves as custodian for the pool.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At June 30, 2024, investments were included in local governmental investment pools with ratings from Standard & Poor's in compliance with the District's investment policy.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the District, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At June 30, 2024, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. Information regarding investments in any one issuer that represents five percent or more of the District's total investments must be disclosed under GASB Statement No. 40, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. At June 30, 2024, the District had 100% of its investments in certificates of deposit, mutual funds, ETFs, equities and options and local governmental investment pools.

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the District's investment policy requires that maturities will not exceed the weighted average maturity of 180 days for any internally created pool fund group and one year from the time of purchase for any other individual investment. The Board may specifically authorize a longer maturity for a given investment, within legal limits. The District considers the holdings in the local governmental investment pools to have a one day weighted average maturity due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholders, unless there has been a significant change in value. At June 30, 2024, investments were included in local government investment pools mutual funds, ETFs, equities and options which have a weighted average maturity of one day and certificates of deposit with a weighted average of 180 days.

3. PROPERTY TAXES

The Texas Legislature in 1979 adopted a comprehensive Property Tax Code (the "Code") which established a county-wide appraisal district and an appraisal review board in each county in the State. The Williamson Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District") is responsible for the recording and appraisal of all property in the District. Under the Code, the school board sets the tax rates on property and the Williamson County Tax Assessor/Collector provides tax collection services. The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Further, real property must be reappraised at least every three years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Property taxes are levied as of October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes and penalties and interest that are ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period, including those property taxes expected to be collected during a 60 day period after the end of the District's fiscal year. The assessed value at January 1, 2023, upon which the October 2023 levy was based was \$2,282,818,818. The District levied taxes based on a combined tax rate of \$1.100 per \$100 of assessed valuation for local maintenance (general governmental services) and debt service.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

4. DUE FROM/TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully fund certain activities. The District also receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Grants and entitlements are recorded as revenue when earned, therefore at year end amounts earned but not yet received in cash may be recorded as due from the grantor government. Amounts already received in cash but not yet earned are recorded as due to the grantor government.

A summary of amounts recorded as Due From/Due To Other Governments in the basic financial statements as of June 30, 2024 are summarized below:

Due From Other Governments:	General	Major Debt	Non-Major	
	Fund	Service Fund	Governmental	Total
Governmental Activities:				
Foundation & Per Capita Entitlements	\$ 4,093,519	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,093,519
State Grants	-	508,065	3,703	511,768
Federal Grants	-	-	1,061,377	1,061,377
Miscellaneous	14,519	5,993	-	20,512
Total - Governmental Activities	\$ 4,108,038	\$ 514,058	\$ 1,065,080	\$ 5,687,176

Due To Other Governments:	General	Non-Major	
	Fund	Governmental	Total
Governmental Activities:			
State Grants	\$ -	\$ 29,433	\$ 29,433
Miscellaneous	3,374	-	3,374
Total - Governmental Activities	\$ 3,374	\$ 29,433	\$ 32,807

5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

During the course of operations, the individual funds of the District may engage in temporary borrowings of money between one another to meet liquidity needs. These interfund receivables and payables are recorded on the balance sheet of the loaning fund as “Due from Other Funds” and on the balance sheet of the borrowing fund as “Due to Other Funds”. Amounts are repaid when funds are available in the borrowing fund.

Individual funds may also make payments between one another which are intended to be permanent and therefore not repaid. These transactions are recorded on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance as “Transfers Out” for the paying fund and “Transfers In” for the receiving fund.

During the year, the district had no transfers to other funds.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	General Fund	\$ 144,283
	Special Revenue Funds	558,340
	Capital Projects Fund	176,595
Total General Fund		<u>879,218</u>
Grand Total		<u>\$ 879,218</u>

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning		Retirements	Ending
	Balance 7/1/23	Additions		Balance 6/30/24
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,553,296	\$ -	\$ (100,000)	\$ 1,453,296
Construction in Progress	2,392,473	24,586,277	-	26,978,750
Total Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated	<u>3,945,769</u>	<u>24,586,277</u>	<u>(100,000)</u>	<u>28,432,046</u>
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	106,282,337	130,252	-	106,412,589
Furniture and Equipment	7,000,618	958,495	-	7,959,113
Right to Use Lease Assets	791,830	6,526	-	798,356
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	<u>114,074,785</u>	<u>1,095,273</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>115,170,058</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	(35,547,392)	(2,053,620)	-	(37,601,012)
Furniture and Equipment	(5,525,508)	(343,483)	-	(5,868,991)
Right to Use Lease Assets	(495,578)	(149,524)	-	(645,102)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(41,568,478)</u>	<u>(2,546,627)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(44,115,105)</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 76,452,076</u>	<u>\$ 23,134,923</u>	<u>\$ (100,000)</u>	<u>\$ 99,486,999</u>

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the District as follows:

Function	Depreciation Allocation
Instruction	\$ 1,276,520
Instructional Resources & Media Services	21,295
Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	63,751
Instructional Leadership	51,627
School Leadership	132,893
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	98,415
Social Work Services	4,902
Health Services	22,188
Student Transportation	100,118
Food Services	148,109
Extracurricular Activities	83,890
General Administration	98,403
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	296,287
Security and Monitoring Services	54,765
Data Processing Services	44,980
Community Services	35,925
Payments to JJAEP Program	3,495
Other Intergovernmental Charges	9,064
Totals	\$ 2,546,627

7. BONDS, NOTES, AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental activities long-term debt obligations at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

General Long-Term Debt Description	Outstanding at June 30, 2024
<u>Bonds Payable:</u>	
\$37,999,943 Series 2009 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, CAB's only remaining, due in four future fully accreted payments of \$177,846 to \$260,374, February 15, 2026 through February	\$ 7,163,399
\$6,525,000 Series 2013 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds due in one remaining annual installments of \$985,000 through February 15, 2025; interest at 2.00% to 3.00%.	985,000
\$18,520,000 Series 2016 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds due in remaining annual installments of \$395,000 to \$525,000 through February 15, 2036; interest at 3.00% to 5.00%.	5,485,000
\$33,345,000 Series 2016 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds due in remaining annual installments of \$50,000 to \$3,655,000 through February 15, 2039; interest at 2.94% to 5.00%.	30,435,000
\$3,915,000 Series 2019 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds due in remaining annual installments of \$280,000 to \$350,000 through June 30, 2029; interest at 4.00% to 5.00%.	1,575,000
\$10,359,973 Series 2021 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds due in remaining annual installments of \$37,348 to \$3,220,000 through June 30, 2041; interest at 1.90% to 5.00%.	10,365,151
\$79,010,000 Series 2023 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds due in remaining annual installments of \$1,490,000 to \$5,945,000 through June 30, 2048; interest at 4.00% to 5.00%.	78,645,000

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
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General Long-Term Debt Description (Cont.)	Outstanding at June 30, 2024
Right To Use Lease Assets Payable:	
\$42,899 RTU Lease Assets Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$1,173 through December 2024; interest at 4.00%.	4,687
\$18,832 RTU Lease Assets Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$452 through July 2024; interest at 4.00%.	424
\$23,665 RTU Lease Assets Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$534 through August 2024; interest at 4.00%.	1,063
\$102,705 RTU Lease Assets Payable for Copier Machines, financed through Konica Premier Finance for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$2,335 through October 2024; interest at 4.378%.	9,255
\$81,189 RTU Lease Assets Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$1,833 through October 2024; interest at 4.00%.	7,273
\$37,800 RTU Lease Assets Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$853 through December 2025; interest at 4.00%.	14,888
\$36,515 RTU Lease Assets Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$824 through January 2026; interest at 4.00%.	15,155
\$11,818 RTU Lease Assets Payable for Equipment, financed through John Deere for a 36 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$252 through February 2025; interest at 4.699%.	5,449
\$147,056 RTU Lease Assets Payable for Equipment, financed through John Deere for a 36 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$3,270 through July 2025; interest at 6.10%.	82,007
\$8,914 RTU Lease Assets Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$200 through 2026; interest at 3.58%.	4,987
\$11,572 RTU Lease Assets Payable for Copier Machines, financed through Konica Premier Finance for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$258 through April 2027; interest at 3.54%.	8,142
\$6,526 RTU Lease Assets Payable for a John Deere Gator, financed through John Deere for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$288 through September 2025; interest at 5.50%.	4,158
Compensated Absences:	
Accumulated Unpaid Compensated Absences	125,697
Total General Long-Term Debt	\$ 134,936,735

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Type	Outstanding 7/1/23	Additions	Deletions	Current Accretion	Outstanding 6/30/24	Due in One Year
Bonds Payable:						
General Obligation & Refunding Bonds	\$137,304,742	\$ -	\$ (3,205,000)	\$ 553,808	\$134,653,550	\$ 4,460,000
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	10,710,601	-	(592,598)	-	10,118,003	-
Total Bonds Payable	148,015,343	-	(3,797,598)	553,808	144,771,553	4,460,000
Other Long-Term Liabilities:						
Right to Use Lease Assets Payable	305,456	6,526	(154,494)	-	157,488	91,059
Compensated Absences	126,262	-	(565)	-	125,697	12,570
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	431,718	6,526	(155,059)	-	283,185	103,629
Total Governmental Activities	\$148,447,061	\$ 6,526	\$ (3,952,657)	\$ 553,808	\$145,054,738	\$ 4,563,629

The following is a summary of changes to deferred charges on bond refundings for the period ended June 30, 2024.

Type	7/1/2023	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2024
Deferred Charges on Bond Refundings	\$ 2,506,623	\$ -	\$ (156,664)	\$ 2,349,959

For the general obligation bonds, the District has pledged as collateral the proceeds of a continuing, direct annual tax levied against taxable property within the District. The Texas Education Code generally limits issuance of additional ad valorem tax bonds if the tax rate needed to pay aggregate principal and interest amounts of the District's tax bond indebtedness would exceed \$0.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the District.

Annual principal installments for outstanding bonds vary each year. The debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Bonds Payable			Total Requirements
	Principal	Accumulated Accretion	Interest	
2025	\$ 4,460,000	\$ -	\$ 5,277,328	\$ 9,737,328
2026	2,785,374	1,676,086	5,074,028	9,535,488
2027	2,874,472	1,607,757	4,952,728	9,434,957
2028	2,977,251	1,539,816	4,825,528	9,342,595
2029	3,087,846	1,469,797	4,692,028	9,249,671
2030-2034	28,275,000	-	20,413,685	48,688,685
2035-2039	30,999,973	560,178	13,885,935	45,446,086
2040-2044	29,890,000	-	7,640,170	37,530,170
2045-2048	22,450,000	-	2,289,000	24,739,000
Total	\$ 127,799,916	\$ 6,853,634	\$ 69,050,430	\$ 203,703,980

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
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Leases are defined by the general government as the right to use an underlying asset. As lessee, the District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-of-use lease asset at the beginning of a lease unless the lease is considered a short-term lease or transfers ownership of the underlying asset. Right-of-use lease assets are measured based on the net present value of the future lease payments at inception, using the weighted average cost of capital, which approximate the incremental borrowing rate. Remeasurement of a lease liability occurs when there is a change in the lease term and/or other changes that are likely to have a significant impact on the lease liability.

The District calculates the amortization of the discount on the lease liability and report that amount as outflows of resources. Payments are allocated first to accrued interest liability and then to the lease liability. Variable lease payments based on the usage of the underlying assets are not included in the lease liability calculations but are recognized as outflows of resources in the period in which the obligation was incurred.

The debt service requirement for right to use lease assets payable as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Right to Use Lease Assets Payable		Total Requirements
	Principal	Interest	
2025	\$ 91,059	\$ 5,759	\$ 96,818
2026	63,703	585	64,288
2027	2,726	39	2,765
Total	\$ 157,488	\$ 6,383	\$ 163,871

Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) are defined by the general government as the right to use an underlying information technology subscription asset. As lessee, the District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-of-use lease asset at the beginning of a lease unless the lease is considered a short-term lease or transfers ownership of the underlying asset. SBITA’s are measured based on the net present value of the future lease payments at inception, using the weighted average cost of capital, which approximate the incremental borrowing rate. Remeasurement of a lease liability occurs when there is a change in the lease term and/or other changes that are likely to have a significant impact on the lease liability.

The District calculates the amortization of the discount on the SBITA and report that amount as outflows of resources. Payments are allocated first to accrued interest liability and then to the lease liability. Variable lease payments based on the usage of the underlying assets are not included in the lease liability calculations but are recognized as outflows of resources in the period in which the obligation was incurred.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District did not have any SBITA liabilities.

8. TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS PENSION PLAN

A. Pension Plan Description

The Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS or System or Plan) is a public employee retirement system (PERS) that is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation. The Plan is administered by the Board of Trustees of TRS. Information regarding the Board of TRS and its composition can be found within the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report within Note 1 to the financial statements. That report may be obtained online at www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

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Benefits are established or amended under the authority of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and by the Legislature in the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefits.

B. Benefits Provided

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Membership in the Plan includes all employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempt from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002.

State law requires the plan to be actuarially sound in order for the legislature to consider a benefit enhancement, such as a supplemental payment to the retirees. The pension became actuarially sound in May 2019 when the 86th Texas legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provided gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees for the fiscal years 2019 through 2024.

C. Contributors to the Plan

Contributors to the Plan include active members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is also the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies, including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with State Statutes and the General Appropriations Act.

The number of participating employers during fiscal year 2023 are disclosed in the following table.

<u>Participating Employers</u>	
Independent School Districts	1,020
Charter Schools (open enrollment only)	200
Community and Junior Colleges	50
Senior Colleges and Universities	48
Regional Service Centers	20
Medical Schools	9
Educational Districts	2
State Agency	<u>1</u>
Total	<u><u>1,350</u></u>

Plan membership as of August 31, 2022 is shown in the table on the next page. Because the actuarial valuation was based on a roll forward from fiscal year 2022 (see Section F), the Plan membership counts are as of August 31, 2022.

<u>Pension Plan Membership</u>	
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	475,952
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	544,537
Active plan members	<u>928,418</u>
	<u><u>1,948,907</u></u>

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
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The Average Expected Remaining Service Life (AERSL) of 5.6705 years is based on membership information as of the beginning of the fiscal year.

D. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to the following state laws:

- Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution requires the legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year.
- Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if it increases the amortization period of TRS' unfunded actuarial liability to greater than 31 years or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the System's actuary.

As the non-employer contributing entity, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the Plan during the fiscal year, reduced by the employer contributions described below.

All participating employers and the State of Texas, as the employer for senior universities and medical schools, are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following situations:

- On the portion of a member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal, private, local or non-educational and general funds
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Contribution rates and amounts for active employees, participating employers, and the State of Texas for the current and prior fiscal year are shown on the table below.

<u>Contribution Rates</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>
Members	8.00%	8.25%
Employer	8.00%	8.25%
State of Texas (NECE)	8.00%	8.25%
 <u>Contribution Amounts</u>		
Members	\$ 1,914,787	\$ 2,059,135
Employer	935,655	977,054
State of Texas (NECE)	1,253,974	1,521,513

Employers are also required to pay surcharges in the following cases:

- All public schools, charter schools and regional education service centers must contribute 1.8 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2023, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of TRS, the employer shall pay an amount equal to the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
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E. Net Pension Liability

Components of the Net Pension Liability of the Plan as of August 31, 2023 are disclosed below.

<u>Components of Pension Liability</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$ 255,860,886,500
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>(187,170,535,558)</u>
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 68,690,350,942</u>
Net Position as Percentage of Total Pension Liability	73.15%

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Roll Forward

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2023.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the System's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2021 and were adopted in July 2022.

The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioners Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published projection scale ("U-MP"). The active mortality rates were based on the published PUB(2010) Mortality Tables for Teachers, below median, also with full generational mortality.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2023 are summarized in the chart on the next page:

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Asset Class	Target Allocation %**	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return*	Expected Contribution to Long- Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.0%	4.0%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	4.5%	0.9%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	4.8%	0.7%
Private Equity*	14.0%	7.0%	1.5%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.0%	2.5%	0.5%
Absolute Return*	0.0%	3.6%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.0%	4.1%	0.2%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.0%	4.9%	1.1%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6.0%	4.8%	0.4%
Commodities	0.0%	4.4%	0.0%
Risk Parity	8.0%	4.5%	0.4%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.0%	3.7%	0.0%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.0%	4.4%	-0.1%
Inflation Expectation			2.3%
Volatility Drag****			-0.9%
Expected Return	<u>100.0%</u>		<u>8.0%</u>

*Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

**Target allocations are based on the FY2023 policy model.

***Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 6/30/2023)

****The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

The following table discloses the assumptions that were applied to this measurement period.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date	August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-Term Expected Rate	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2023	4.13% - The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period (100 years)	2122
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2022. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
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Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2024 increasing to 9.56 percent in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability.

H. Changes in Benefit Provisions Since Prior Measurement Date

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the Net Pension Liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which will be paid January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

I. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

The following table presents the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption			
	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Single Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:	\$ 19,066,848	\$ 12,753,272	\$ 7,503,530

J. District Net Pension Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, and Pension Expense

The Net Pension Liability of the Plan as a whole was last measured as of August 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District was assigned a proportion of the Plan’s Net Pension Liability based on the District’s contributions to the Plan relative to the contributions of all employers for the period September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
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The table below presents a two-year comparison of the District's assigned proportion and resulting proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability, as well as the State's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the District.

	Measurement Date		Change
	8/31/22	8/31/23	
District's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	0.000179609236	0.000185663224	0.000006053988
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,662,938	\$ 12,753,272	\$ 2,090,334
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the District	15,965,774	17,514,702	1,548,928
Total Pension Liability	<u>\$ 26,628,712</u>	<u>\$ 30,267,974</u>	<u>\$ 3,639,262</u>

At June 30, 2024, Taylor Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 454,403	\$ 154,428
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,206,210	295,187
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	3,985,012	2,129,101
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	727,600	381,685
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	816,754	-
Total	\$ 7,189,979	\$ 2,960,401

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ended August 31,	Pension Expense Amount
2024	\$ 647,522
2025	416,583
2026	1,689,087
2027	579,780
2028	79,852
Thereafter	-

For the year ended June 30, 2024, Taylor Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$1,196,899 and revenue of \$2,644,570 for support provided by the State.

9. EMPLOYEE HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

During the year ended June 30, 2024, employees of the District were covered by the state-wide health insurance plan, TRS Active Care. The District contributed \$376 per month per employee to the Plan, the State provided an additional \$75 per month per employee, and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions or premiums for dependents. TRS manages TRS Active Care. The Plan is administered by Aetna while Caremark was assigned the prescription drug plan.

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10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN – TRS-CARE

A. Plan Description

The Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The Board of Trustees of TRS administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards. Further detailed information regarding TRS and TRS-Care is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for TRS that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

B. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system.

The General Appropriations Act passed by the 86th Legislature included funding to maintain TRS-Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86th legislature also passed Senate Bill 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures. This amount is estimated at \$336,000,000 as of August 31, 2023.

C. Contributors to TRS-Care

Contributors to the plan include active and retired members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity.

During fiscal year 2023, the number of participating employers are presented in the following table.

<u>Participating Employers</u>	
Independent School Districts	1,019
Open Enrollment Charter Schools	200
Regional Service Centers	20
Other Educational Districts	<u>2</u>
Total	<u><u>1,241</u></u>

TRS-Care plan membership as of August 31, 2022 is shown in the following table. Because the actuarial valuation was based on a roll-forward (See Section F), the counts are as of that date.

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<u>TRS-Care Plan Membership</u>	
Active plan members	757,626
Inactive plan members currently receiving benefits	188,218
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	13,971
Total	959,815

The Average Expected Remaining Service Life (AERSL) of 9.2215 years is based on the membership information as of the beginning of the fiscal year.

D. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in State Statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions; and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers are based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

At the inception of the plan, funding was projected to last 10 years through fiscal year 1995. The original funding was sufficient to maintain the solvency of the fund through fiscal year 2000. Since that time, appropriations and contributions have been established to fund the benefits for each successive biennium.

Section 1575.202 of the Texas Insurance Code establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee rate which is 0.65 percent of salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public school contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, which is 0.75 percent of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2023.

Contribution rates and amounts for active employees, participating employers, and the State of Texas for the current and prior fiscal year are shown below.

<u>Contribution Rates</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>
Members	0.65%	0.65%
Employer	0.75%	0.75%
State of Texas	1.25%	1.25%
Federal/Private Funding*	1.25%	1.25%
 <u>Contribution Amounts</u>		
Members	\$ 155,577	\$ 163,045
Employer	215,570	214,263
State of Texas (NECE)	221,289	268,502

* Contributions paid from federal funds and private grants are remitted by the employer and paid at the State rate.

All employers whose employees are covered by the TRS pension plan are also required to pay a surcharge of \$535 per month when employing a retiree of TRS. The TRS-Care surcharges for fiscal year 2023 totaled \$14,548,344.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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A supplemental appropriation was received in 2023 for \$21.3 million provided by Rider 14 of the Senate Bill GAA of the 87th Legislature. These amounts were re-appropriated from amounts received by the pension and TRS-Care funds in excess of the state's actual obligation and then transferred to TRS Care. The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates		
	Medicare	Non-Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ 135	\$ 200
Retiree and Spouse	529	689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468	408
Retiree and Family	1,020	999

E. Net OPEB Liability

Components of the Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2023 are disclosed in the following table.

<u>Components of OPEB Liability</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 26,028,070,267
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>(3,889,765,203)</u>
Net OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 22,138,305,064</u>
Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	14.94%

The Net OPEB Liability decreased by \$1.8 billion, from \$23.9 billion as of August 31, 2022, to \$22.1 billion as of August 31, 2023. The decrease was primarily due to favorable claims experience.

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Roll Forward

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2023.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex.

Demographic Assumptions

The rates of mortality, retirement, termination and disability incidence are identical to the assumptions used to value the pension liabilities of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The demographic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021.

Mortality Assumptions

The active mortality rates were based on PUB(2010), Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher male and female tables (with a two-year set forward for males). The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2021.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Election Rates

Normal Retirement - 62 percent participation rate prior to age 65 and 25 percent participation rate after age 65.
Pre-65 retirees - 30 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.

Health Care Trend Rates

The initial medical trend rates were 7.75 percent for Medicare retirees and 7.00 percent for non-Medicare retirees. The initial prescription drug trend rate was 7.75 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent over a period of 12 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date	August 31, 2022, rolled forward to August 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	4.13% as of August 31, 2023
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95%, including inflation
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 4.13 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This was an increase of 0.22 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Since the plan is a pay-as-you-go plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

G. Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The single discount rate changed from 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13 percent, as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

H. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the plan using the discount rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher, as well as what the Net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, 3.13 percent or one percentage point higher, 5.13 percent, than the AA/Aa rate. The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index", as of August 31, 2023.

I. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
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Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption			
	1% Decrease 3.13%	Current Single Discount Rate 4.13%	1% Increase 5.13%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 6,540,710	\$ 5,553,367	\$ 4,747,672

J. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumptions

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one-percent higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption			
	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 4,572,920	\$ 5,553,367	\$ 6,814,716

K. District Net OPEB Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB, and OPEB Expense

The Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care program as a whole was last measured as of August 31, 2022 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District was assigned a proportion of TRS Care's Net OPEB Liability based on the District's contributions to the program relative to the contributions of all employers for the period September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023.

The table below presents a two-year comparison of the District's assigned proportion and resulting proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability, as well as the State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability associated with the District.

	Measurement Date		Change
	8/31/22	8/31/23	
District's Proportion of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	0.000250724174	0.000250848801	0.000000124627
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 6,003,341	\$ 5,553,367	\$ (449,974)
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated with the District	7,323,133	6,700,991	(622,142)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 13,326,474	\$ 12,254,358	\$ (1,072,116)

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
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At June 30, 2024, Taylor Independent School District reported its proportionate share of TRS’s deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 251,248	\$ 4,672,107
Changes in actuarial assumptions	757,994	3,400,474
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	12,629	10,230
Change in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	105,169	744,851
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	176,940	-
Total	\$ 1,303,980	\$ 8,827,662

The net amounts of the employer’s balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ended August 31,	OPEB Expense Amount
2024	\$ (1,696,989)
2025	(1,442,284)
2026	(1,097,452)
2027	(1,204,267)
2028	(955,359)
Thereafter	(1,304,271)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, Taylor Independent School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$1,424,071) and revenue of (\$1,432,529) for support provided by the State.

11. FRINGE BENEFITS PAID BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$137,057 and \$128,628, respectively.

12. FUND BALANCES

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Those fund balance classifications are below.

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers, or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Committed - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to approval by formal action by the Board.

Assigned - For the General Fund, the Board, or an official or body that has been delegated authority by the Board, may appropriate amounts that are to be used for a specific purpose. For all other governmental funds, any remaining positive amounts not previously classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed.

Unassigned - Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

A detail of the fund balance amounts within each category is included on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Fund balance of the District may be committed for a specific purpose by formal action of the Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a resolution approved by the Board. The Board has delegated authority to the Superintendent to assign fund balance for a specific purpose. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance.

13. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

Type	General Fund	Major Debt Service Fund	Major Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major			Total
				Governmental Funds	Trust Funds	Custodial Funds	
Property Taxes	\$ 17,399,638	\$ 7,822,151	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,221,789
Tuition and Fees	239,785	-	-	-	-	-	239,785
Investment Income	940,699	301,366	4,387,159	104,334	37,726	25,993	5,797,277
Rent	24,796	-	-	-	-	-	24,796
Gifts	124,580	-	-	332,264	110,697	410,518	978,059
Insurance Recovery	42,923	-	-	-	-	-	42,923
Food Sales	-	-	-	364,853	-	-	364,853
Athletics	67,573	-	-	-	-	-	67,573
Enterprising Revenues	251	-	-	-	-	1,070	1,321
Miscellaneous Local Revenue	217,584	-	27,253	35,582	270,610	-	551,029
Total	\$ 19,057,829	\$ 8,123,517	\$ 4,414,412	\$ 837,033	\$ 419,033	\$ 437,581	\$ 33,289,405

14. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following amounts:

Fund	State Grants	Federal Grants	Local Grants	Total
General Fund	\$ 907,190	\$ -	\$ 875,420	\$ 1,782,610
Non-Major Governmental Funds	64,461	7,366	17,746	89,573
Total	\$ 971,651	\$ 7,366	\$ 893,166	\$ 1,872,183

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District's risk management program includes coverages through third party insurance providers for property, automobile liability, school professional liability, crime, workers' compensation, and other miscellaneous bonds. During the year ended June 30, 2024, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Losses in excess of the various deductible levels are covered through traditional indemnity coverage for buildings and contents, and vehicle liability with various insurance firms. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance limits for the past three years.

16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in a number of federal financial assistance programs. Although the District's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of *Government Auditing Standards* and when applicable, the Uniform Guidance, for the year ended June 30, 2024, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits performed by the specific grantors. These audits, if performed, could result in amounts of expenditures being disallowed by the granting agencies and subject to repayment. The District however expects that such amounts, if any, would be immaterial.

17. SELF-INSURANCE FUND

The District has a partially self-insured workers' compensation plan administered by Texas Public School's Workers' Compensation Project ("SchoolComp") which is an insurance pool. The District established an Internal Service Fund to account for and finance this partially uninsured risk of loss. The District is obligated to pay its own claims up to \$75,000 per claim. The estimated liability for worker's compensation claims at year-end, including those incurred but not reported ("IBNR"), was \$89,073.

18. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION POOL

During the year ended June 30, 2024, Taylor Independent School District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Fund anticipates that Taylor Independent School District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution. The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2023, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

19. TAX LIMITATION AGREEMENTS /CHAPTER 313 AGREEMENT

The District has entered in several agreements to apply a limitation on the appraised value of property used for the purpose of calculating assessed Maintenance and Operations (M&O) school property taxes. These tax limitation agreements are pursuant to Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code. Value limitation agreements are part of a state program, originally created in 2001 which allows school districts to limit the taxable value of an approved project for M&O for a period of years specified in statute. The project(s) must be consistent with the State’s goal to “encourage large scale capital investments in this State.” Chapter 313 grants eligibility to companies engaged in manufacturing, research and development, renewable electric energy production, clean coal projects, nuclear power generation, and Texas Priority projects.

Each applicant is required to meet a series of capital investment, job creation, and wage requirements specified by State law. At the time of an application’s approval, it has been determined by both the District’s Board of Trustees and the Texas Comptroller’s Office that the project(s) would meet these standards. After approval, the applicants’ companies must maintain a viable presence in the District for the entire period of the value limitation plus a period of years thereafter. In addition, there are specific reporting requirements, which are monitored on an annual and biennial basis in order to ensure relevant job, wage, and operational requirements are being met.

The following table lists each agreement the District has entered into as of June 30, 2024.

Applying Entity	Application Number	Date of Agreement	Phase	First Full Tax Year
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC	1620	11/15/2021	Report Phase	2024
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 2)	2052	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2035
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 3)	2053	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2036
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 4)	2054	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2037
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 5)	2055	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2038
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 6)	2056	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2039
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 7)	2057	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2040
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 8)	2058	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2041
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 9)	2059	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2042
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 10)	2060	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2043
Linde Inc.	2068	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2028

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

For the agreement shown which are in the reporting phase, the following information is provided regarding taxable value limitations and the net benefit (loss) to the District for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Applying Entity	App. Number	Value of Qualified Property (Before Limitation)	M&O Taxable Value (After Limitation)	(A) Gross Tax Savings to Entity	(B) Revenue Protection Payments	(C) Extraord. Education Expense Payments	(D) Suppl. Payments	(B+C+D-A) Net Benefit (Loss) to the District
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC	1620	\$ 750,000,000	750,000,000	-	-	-	-	-

20. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARD

During the year the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 100 – *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* (“GASB 100”). The objective of GASB 100 is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. As part of those descriptions, for (1) certain changes in accounting principles and (2) certain changes in accounting estimates that result from a change in measurement methodology, a new principle or methodology should be justified on the basis that it is preferable to the principle or methodology used before the change. That preferability should be based on the qualitative characteristics of financial reporting—understandability, reliability, relevance, timeliness, consistency, and comparability. This Statement also addresses corrections of errors in previously issued financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District did not have any changes in policy or circumstance that required a restatement and did not have any changes in major fund classification from prior year.

21. NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 101 – *Compensated Absences* (GASB 101) provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for Compensated Absences for governments. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means.

The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. GASB 101 will be implemented in the District’s fiscal year 2025 financial statements and the impact has not yet been determined.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY -
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Measurement Year			
	2023	2022	2021	2020
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0185663224%	0.0179609236%	0.0168895942%	0.0161272563%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,753,272	\$ 10,662,938	\$ 4,301,182	\$ 8,637,429
State's Proportionate Share of the District Net Pension Liability	17,514,702	15,965,774	7,495,789	16,245,680
Total Pension Liability	<u>\$ 30,267,974</u>	<u>\$ 26,628,712</u>	<u>\$ 11,796,971</u>	<u>\$ 24,883,109</u>
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 23,934,827	\$ 22,789,997	\$ 21,853,216	\$ 21,584,844
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	53.28%	46.79%	19.68%	40.02%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net Pension Liability	73.15%	75.62%	88.79%	75.54%

The amounts presented are determined as of the Plan's measurement year which was as of August 31 in each prior calendar year from the District's fiscal year end.

This schedule reflects ten years of data as required by GASB 68.

Measurement Year					
2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.0180524355%	0.0189856940%	0.0187069301%	0.0188552680%	0.0202277000%	0.0148237000%
\$ 9,384,220	\$ 10,450,187	\$ 5,981,468	\$ 7,136,560	\$ 7,150,223	\$ 3,959,615
<u>16,122,798</u>	<u>17,977,428</u>	<u>10,718,092</u>	<u>12,987,024</u>	<u>12,807,228</u>	<u>10,560,409</u>
<u>\$ 25,507,018</u>	<u>\$ 28,427,615</u>	<u>\$ 16,699,560</u>	<u>\$ 20,123,584</u>	<u>\$ 19,957,451</u>	<u>\$ 14,520,024</u>
\$ 21,568,149	\$ 18,070,789	\$ 21,030,187	\$ 20,643,228	\$ 20,639,198	\$ 20,083,893
43.51%	57.83%	28.44%	34.57%	34.64%	19.72%
75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS –
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Fiscal Year			
	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 977,054	\$ 935,655	\$ 821,065	\$ 698,347
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(977,054)	(935,655)	(821,065)	(698,347)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 25,083,707	\$ 23,934,827	\$ 22,789,997	\$ 21,583,216
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	3.90%	3.91%	3.60%	3.24%

The amounts presented are as of the District's fiscal year end of June 30.

This schedule reflects ten years of data as required by GASB 68.

Fiscal Year					
2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 667,893	\$ 629,996	\$ 675,435	\$ 601,960	\$ 601,649	\$ 576,227
(667,893)	(629,996)	(675,435)	(601,960)	(601,649)	(576,227)
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$21,584,844	\$ 21,568,149	\$ 18,070,789	\$ 21,030,187	\$ 20,643,228	\$ 20,639,198
3.09%	2.92%	3.74%	2.86%	2.91%	2.79%

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY –
TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PLAN
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Measurement Year			
	2023	2022	2021	2020
District's Proportion of the Net Liability for Other Post Employment Benefits	0.0250848801%	0.0250724174%	0.0249887640%	0.0248427161%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Post Employment Benefit Liability	\$ 5,553,367	\$ 6,003,341	\$ 9,639,283	\$ 9,443,838
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Post Employment Benefit Liability Associated with the District	6,700,991	7,323,133	12,914,491	12,690,255
Total Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	<u>\$ 12,254,358</u>	<u>\$ 13,326,474</u>	<u>\$ 22,553,774</u>	<u>\$ 22,134,093</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 23,934,827	\$ 22,789,997	\$ 21,853,216	\$ 21,584,844
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	23.20%	26.34%	44.11%	43.75%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net OPEB Liability	14.94%	11.52%	6.18%	4.99%

The amounts presented are determined as of the Plan's measurement year which was as of August 31 in each prior calendar year from the District's fiscal year end.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the adoption of GASB 75 and will eventually reflect ten years of data.

Measurement Year		
2019	2018	2017
0.02583331111%	0.0272550661%	0.0272578757%
\$ 12,216,888	\$ 13,608,704	\$ 11,853,428
16,233,513	18,487,031	16,127,859
<u>\$ 28,450,401</u>	<u>\$ 32,095,735</u>	<u>\$ 27,981,287</u>
\$ 21,568,149	\$ 18,070,789	\$ 21,030,187
56.64%	75.31%	56.36%
2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS –
TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PLAN
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Fiscal Year			
	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 214,263	\$ 215,570	\$ 203,957	\$ 192,970
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(214,263)	(215,570)	(203,957)	(192,970)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 25,083,707	\$ 23,934,827	\$ 22,789,997	\$ 21,583,216
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.85%	0.90%	0.89%	0.89%

The amounts presented are as of the District's fiscal year end of June 30.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the inception of GASB 75 and will eventually reflect ten years of data.

Fiscal Year			
2020	2019	2018	2017
\$ 187,746	\$ 187,145	\$ 161,727	\$ 141,725
(187,746)	(187,145)	(161,727)	(141,725)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 21,584,844	\$ 21,568,149	\$ 18,070,789	\$ 21,030,187
0.87%	0.87%	0.89%	0.67%

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Teacher Retirement System

Actuarial Assumptions

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was used in the actuarial valuation for determining the actuarially determined contribution rate and the Net Pension Liability in accordance with GASB 68. Actuarial methods and assumptions used for funding purposes can be found in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas Pension Plan note to the financial statements.

Changes of Benefit Provisions Since Prior Measurement Date

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the Net Pension Liability of TRS.

In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which will be paid January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

- The single discount rate changed from 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13 percent, as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Plan

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial methods and assumptions used for funding purposes can be found in the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan – TRS-Care note to the financial statements.

Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following assumptions, methods and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability

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**COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND
STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES**

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 JUNE 30, 2024

	211	224	225
Data			
Control	ESEA, Title I,	IDEA-Part B,	IDEA-Part B,
Codes	Part A	Formula	Preschool
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$ 5,412	\$ -
1240 Due from Other Governments	161,305	239,785	33,755
1250 Accrued Interest	-	-	-
1260 Due from Other Funds	-	-	-
1267 Due from Trust and Custodial Funds	-	-	-
1290 Other Receivables	-	-	-
1310 Inventories	-	-	-
1410 Deferred Expenditures	-	-	-
1800 Restricted Assets	-	-	-
1910 Long-Term Investments	-	-	-
1990 Other Assets	-	-	-
1000 Total Assets	\$ 161,305	\$ 245,197	\$ 33,755
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 10,400	\$ -	\$ -
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	102,800	71,960	10,631
2170 Due to Other Funds	48,105	173,237	23,124
2180 Due to Other Governments	-	-	-
2300 Unearned Revenues	-	-	-
2000 Total Liabilities	161,305	245,197	33,755
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable:			
Restricted for:			
3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted	-	-	-
3470 Capital Acq. and Contractual Oblig.	-	-	-
Assigned for:			
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	-	-	-
3000 Total Fund Balances	-	-	-
4000 Total Liab., Def. Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 161,305	\$ 245,197	\$ 33,755

240	244	255	263	265	282	287
National Breakfast and Lunch Program	Career and Technical- Basic Grant	ESEA, Title II, Part A	Title III, Part A	Title IV, Part B - 21st Century Community Learning	ESSER III	Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1
\$ 1,904,418	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,851	\$ -	\$ -
176,176	43,186	15,145	43	74,426	292,726	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 2,080,594</u>	<u>\$ 43,186</u>	<u>\$ 15,145</u>	<u>\$ 43</u>	<u>\$ 118,277</u>	<u>\$ 292,726</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 137,626	\$ -	\$ 1,503	\$ -	\$ 5,030	\$ 55,662	\$ -
2,405	-	8,562	-	83,904	16,931	-
-	43,186	5,080	43	-	220,133	-
-	-	-	-	29,343	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>140,031</u>	<u>43,186</u>	<u>15,145</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>118,277</u>	<u>292,726</u>	<u>-</u>
1,940,563	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>1,940,563</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>\$ 2,080,594</u>	<u>\$ 43,186</u>	<u>\$ 15,145</u>	<u>\$ 43</u>	<u>\$ 118,277</u>	<u>\$ 292,726</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	288 LEP Summer School	289 Federally Funded Spec. Rev. Fund	313 Shared Services Arrangements-IDEA-Part B, Formula
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,366	\$ -	\$ -
1240 Due from Other Governments	-	24,828	-
1250 Accrued Interest	-	-	-
1260 Due from Other Funds	-	-	-
1267 Due from Trust and Custodial Funds	-	-	-
1290 Other Receivables	-	-	-
1310 Inventories	-	-	-
1410 Deferred Expenditures	-	-	-
1800 Restricted Assets	-	-	-
1910 Long-Term Investments	-	-	-
1990 Other Assets	-	-	-
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 7,366</u>	<u>\$ 24,828</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	-	-	-
2170 Due to Other Funds	-	24,828	-
2180 Due to Other Governments	-	-	-
2300 Unearned Revenues	7,366	-	-
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>7,366</u>	<u>24,828</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable:			
Restricted for:			
3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted	-	-	-
3470 Capital Acq. and Contractual Oblig.	-	-	-
Assigned for:			
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	-	-	-
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
4000 Total Liab., Def. Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 7,366</u>	<u>\$ 24,828</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

314	365	367	397	410	429	434
Shared Services Arrangements- IDEA-Part B, Preschool	Shared Services Arrangements- IDEA-Part B, Preschool- ARP	Shared Services Arrangements- ARP Act - Homeless II	Advanced Placement Incentives	State Instructional Materials Fund	State Funded Special Revenue Funds	Shared Services Arrangements- SSVI
\$ -	\$ 90	\$ -	\$ 272	\$ 64,189	\$ 16,899	\$ -
-	-	1,225	-	-	1,500	980
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 90</u>	<u>\$ 1,225</u>	<u>\$ 272</u>	<u>\$ 64,189</u>	<u>\$ 18,399</u>	<u>\$ 980</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	1,225	-	-	18,399	980
-	90	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	272	64,189	-	-
<u>-</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>1,225</u>	<u>272</u>	<u>64,189</u>	<u>18,399</u>	<u>980</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 90</u>	<u>\$ 1,225</u>	<u>\$ 272</u>	<u>\$ 64,189</u>	<u>\$ 18,399</u>	<u>\$ 980</u>

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	437	461	499
	Shared Services Arrangements- Special Education	Campus Activity Funds	Rural Exceclerator CCMR Grant
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,501	\$ 570,015	\$ 21,573
1240 Due from Other Governments	-	-	-
1250 Accrued Interest	-	-	-
1260 Due from Other Funds	-	-	-
1267 Due from Trust and Custodial Funds	-	-	-
1290 Other Receivables	-	-	-
1310 Inventories	-	-	-
1410 Deferred Expenditures	-	-	-
1800 Restricted Assets	-	-	-
1910 Long-Term Investments	-	-	-
1990 Other Assets	-	-	-
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 3,501</u>	<u>\$ 570,015</u>	<u>\$ 21,573</u>
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 2,840	\$ 230
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	-	-	3,597
2170 Due to Other Funds	-	-	-
2180 Due to Other Governments	-	-	-
2300 Unearned Revenues	-	-	17,746
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>2,840</u>	<u>21,573</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable:			
Restricted for:			
3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted	3,501	-	-
3470 Capital Acq. and Contractual Oblig.	-	-	-
Assigned for:			
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	-	567,175	-
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>3,501</u>	<u>567,175</u>	<u>-</u>
4000 Total Liab., Def. Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 3,501</u>	<u>\$ 570,015</u>	<u>\$ 21,573</u>

699

Capital Projects Fund	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds
\$ 429,659	\$ 3,067,245
-	1,065,080
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
<u>\$ 429,659</u>	<u>\$ 4,132,325</u>
\$ 37,855	\$ 251,146
-	300,790
-	558,340
-	29,433
-	89,573
<u>37,855</u>	<u>1,229,282</u>
-	1,944,064
391,804	391,804
-	567,175
<u>391,804</u>	<u>2,903,043</u>
<u>\$ 429,659</u>	<u>\$ 4,132,325</u>

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data	211	224	225
Control Codes	ESEA, Title I, Part A	IDEA-Part B, Formula	IDEA-Part B, Preschool
REVENUES			
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues	-	-	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	846,565	759,036	33,755
5020 Total Revenues	<u>846,565</u>	<u>759,036</u>	<u>33,755</u>
EXPENDITURES			
0011 Instruction	274,875	560,296	33,755
0013 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	440,534	-	-
0021 Instructional Leadership	50,107	-	-
0023 School Leadership	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	-	198,740	-
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	-
0033 Health Services	-	-	-
0034 Student Transportation	-	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-
0041 General Administration	-	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	-	-
0061 Community Services	81,049	-	-
0071 Debt Service - Principal	-	-	-
0072 Debt Service - Interest	-	-	-
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>846,565</u>	<u>759,036</u>	<u>33,755</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
8949 Other (Uses)	-	-	-
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning	-	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

240	244	255	263	265	282	287
National Breakfast and Lunch Program	Career and Technical- Basic Grant	ESEA, Title II, Part A	Title III, Part A	Title IV, Part B - 21st Century Community Learning	ESSER III	Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1
\$ 456,613	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
14,966	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,242,311	92,721	94,675	47,906	331,700	1,183,429	27,210
2,713,890	92,721	94,675	47,906	331,700	1,183,429	27,210
-	34,733	70,593	33,012	202,589	585,020	24,436
-	2,755	24,082	12,878	-	236,863	2,774
-	34,934	-	1,300	108,401	115,720	-
-	6,762	-	-	-	6,593	-
-	13,537	-	-	-	68,953	-
-	-	-	-	-	81,549	-
-	-	-	-	-	20,997	-
-	-	-	-	20,710	11,684	-
2,462,829	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	507	-
131,211	-	-	-	-	1,522	-
-	-	-	-	-	53,878	-
-	-	-	716	-	143	-
3,988	-	-	-	-	-	-
536	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,598,564	92,721	94,675	47,906	331,700	1,183,429	27,210
115,326	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
115,326	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,825,237	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ 1,940,563	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	288 LEP Summer School	289 Federally Funded Spec. Rev. Fund	313 Shared Services Arrangements- IDEA-Part B, Formula
REVENUES			
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues	-	-	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	-	24,828	4,480
5020 Total Revenues	-	24,828	4,480
EXPENDITURES			
0011 Instruction	-	-	4,480
0013 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	-	-	-
0021 Instructional Leadership	-	-	-
0023 School Leadership	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	-	14,183	-
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	-
0033 Health Services	-	-	-
0034 Student Transportation	-	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-
0041 General Administration	-	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	10,645	-
0061 Community Services	-	-	-
0071 Debt Service - Principal	-	-	-
0072 Debt Service - Interest	-	-	-
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	-	24,828	4,480
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
8949 Other (Uses)	-	-	-
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning	-	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

314 Shared Services Arrangements- IDEA-Part B, Preschool	365 Shared Services Arrangements- IDEA-Part B, Preschool-	367 Shared Services Arrangements- ARP Act - Homeless II	397 Advanced Placement Incentives	410 State Instructional Materials Fund	429 State Funded Special Revenue Funds	434 Shared Services Arrangements- SSVI
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	258,103	229,044	980
15,953	-	16,131	-	-	-	-
15,953	-	16,131	-	258,103	229,044	980
15,953	-	-	-	258,103	-	980
-	-	-	-	-	12,513	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	16,131	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	216,531	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15,953	-	16,131	-	258,103	229,044	980
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	437 Shared Services Arrangements- Special Education	461 Campus Activity Funds	499 Rural Excellerator CCMR Grant
REVENUES			
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ 297,268	\$ 56,911
5800 State Program Revenues	-	-	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	-	-	-
5020 Total Revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>297,268</u>	<u>56,911</u>
EXPENDITURES			
0011 Instruction	16,123	65,576	3,471
0013 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	-	14,789	-
0021 Instructional Leadership	-	-	-
0023 School Leadership	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	-	-	53,440
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	-
0033 Health Services	-	-	-
0034 Student Transportation	-	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	200,539	-
0041 General Administration	-	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	-	-
0061 Community Services	-	-	-
0071 Debt Service - Principal	-	-	-
0072 Debt Service - Interest	-	-	-
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>16,123</u>	<u>280,904</u>	<u>56,911</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(16,123)</u>	<u>16,364</u>	<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
8949 Other (Uses)	(340,214)	-	-
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(340,214)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	(356,337)	16,364	-
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>359,838</u>	<u>550,811</u>	<u>-</u>
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 3,501</u>	<u>\$ 567,175</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

699	
Capital Projects Fund	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds
\$ 26,241	\$ 837,033
-	503,093
-	5,720,700
<u>26,241</u>	<u>7,060,826</u>
-	2,183,995
-	747,188
-	310,462
-	13,355
-	364,984
-	81,549
-	20,997
-	32,394
-	2,462,829
-	200,539
-	507
-	132,733
-	281,054
-	81,908
-	3,988
-	536
<u>260,168</u>	<u>260,168</u>
<u>260,168</u>	<u>7,179,186</u>
<u>(233,927)</u>	<u>(118,360)</u>
-	(340,214)
-	(340,214)
(233,927)	(458,574)
<u>625,731</u>	<u>3,361,617</u>
<u>\$ 391,804</u>	<u>\$ 2,903,043</u>

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Last 10 Years Ended June 30,		Tax Rates		3 Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes
		1 Maintenance	2 Debt Service	
2015	and prior years	Various	Various	Various
2016		1.17000	0.28000	\$ 909,232,902
2017		1.17000	0.40000	977,059,969
2018		1.17000	0.40000	1,062,570,209
2019		1.17000	0.40000	1,085,663,596
2020		1.06830	0.40000	1,208,947,354
2021		1.03080	0.37250	1,314,679,720
2022		0.96030	0.37250	1,577,312,275
2023		0.94290	0.34250	2,191,237,086
2024	(School year under audit)	0.75750	0.34250	2,282,818,818
TOTALS				

Total amount of taxes refunded under Section 26.1115, Tax Code, for owners who received an exemption as provided by Section 11.42(f), Tax Code:

	10	20	31	32	40	50	Taxes
	Beginning	Current	Maintenance	Debt Service	Entire	Ending	Refunded
	Balance	Year's	Collections	Collections	Year's	Balance	Under Section
	7/1/23	Total Levy			Adjustments	6/30/24	26.1115c
\$	38,812	\$ -	\$ 7,396	\$ 1,770	\$ (642)	\$ 29,004	
	7,034	-	1,335	319	(72)	5,308	
	8,243	-	815	278	(79)	7,071	
	14,459	-	948	324	(29)	13,158	
	18,700	-	979	335	(55)	17,331	
	27,757	-	(11,619)	(4,351)	(19,309)	24,418	
	64,897	-	(12,052)	(4,355)	(55,580)	25,724	
	82,957	-	(17,736)	(6,880)	(42,957)	64,616	
	626,513	-	263,320	95,648	(145,262)	122,283	
	-	25,111,007	17,004,314	7,688,419	137,799	556,073	
\$	<u>889,372</u>	\$ <u>25,111,007</u>	\$ <u>17,237,700</u>	\$ <u>7,771,507</u>	\$ <u>(126,186)</u>	\$ <u>864,986</u>	

\$ 11,882

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CHILD NUTRITION FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		
REVENUES					
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$ 351,000	\$ 351,000	\$ 456,613	\$ 105,613
5800	State Program Revenues	9,000	9,000	14,966	5,966
5900	Federal Program Revenues	1,297,094	1,777,094	2,242,311	465,217
5020	Total Revenues	<u>1,657,094</u>	<u>2,137,094</u>	<u>2,713,890</u>	<u>576,796</u>
EXPENDITURES					
0035	Food Services	2,249,002	2,797,802	2,462,829	334,973
0051	Facilities Maintenance & Operations	137,871	137,871	131,211	6,660
	Debt Service:				
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt	10,564	3,988	3,988	-
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt	536	536	536	-
6030	Total Expenditures	<u>2,397,973</u>	<u>2,940,197</u>	<u>2,598,564</u>	<u>341,633</u>
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(740,879)</u>	<u>(803,103)</u>	<u>115,326</u>	<u>918,429</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
7915	Transfers In	2,000	2,000	-	(2,000)
7080	Total Other Finance Sources (Uses)	<u>2,000</u>	<u>2,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,000)</u>
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	(738,879)	(801,103)	115,326	916,429
0100	Fund Balance-July 1 (Beginning)	1,825,237	1,825,237	1,825,237	-
3000	Fund Balance-June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 1,086,358</u>	<u>\$ 1,024,134</u>	<u>\$ 1,940,563</u>	<u>\$ 916,429</u>

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL – DEBT SERVICE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		
REVENUES					
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$ 8,867,391	\$ 8,867,391	\$ 8,123,517	\$ (743,874)
5800	State Program Revenues	68,005	579,868	1,086,892	507,024
5020	Total Revenues	<u>8,935,396</u>	<u>9,447,259</u>	<u>9,210,409</u>	<u>(236,850)</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt	3,205,000	3,205,000	3,205,000	-
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt	6,270,593	6,270,593	4,603,693	1,666,900
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	8,000	8,000	6,300	1,700
6030	Total Expenditures	<u>9,483,593</u>	<u>9,483,593</u>	<u>7,814,993</u>	<u>1,668,600</u>
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(548,197)</u>	<u>(36,334)</u>	<u>1,395,416</u>	<u>1,431,750</u>
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	(548,197)	(36,334)	1,395,416	1,431,750
0100	Fund Balance-July 1 (Beginning)	5,728,202	5,728,202	5,728,202	-
3000	Fund Balance-June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 5,180,005</u>	<u>\$ 5,691,868</u>	<u>\$ 7,123,618</u>	<u>\$ 1,431,750</u>

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 USE OF FUNDS REPORT – SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	1	Responses
Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
Districts are required to use at least 55% of state compensatory education state allotment funds on direct program costs. Statutory Authority: Texas Education Code §48.104.		
AP1	Did your District expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the District's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the District have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	Total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the District's fiscal year.	\$ 3,093,936
AP4	Actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)	\$ 1,512,118
Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
Districts are required to use at least 55% of bilingual education state allotment funds on direct program costs. Statutory Authority: Texas Education Code §48.105.		
AP5	Did your District expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the District's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the District have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$ 354,973
AP8	Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the District's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$ 288,147

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes		1 Responses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.)	Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.	
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules in effect at the fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	\$ 6,853,634

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FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees of
Taylor Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Taylor Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did not disclose instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC
Cedar Park, Texas

September 27, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND
REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

To the Board of Trustees of
Taylor Independent School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Taylor Independent School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Taylor Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures did not disclose instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by *Uniform Guidance*

We have audited the financial statements of Taylor Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2024, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC
Cedar Park, Texas

September 27, 2024

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	1 Federal ALN Number	2a Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	3 Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<u>Passed through Texas Education Agency</u>			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	24610101246911	\$ 846,565
IDEA - Part B, Preschool ¹	84.027A	246600012469116600	759,037
Shared Services Arrangement - IDEA - Part-B, Formula ¹	84.027A	236600012469116600	4,480
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.027			763,517
IDEA - Part B, Preschool ¹	84.173A	246610012469116610	33,755
SSA - IDEA - Part-B, Preschool ¹	84.173A	236610012469116610	15,953
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.173			49,708
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grant	84.048A	24420006246911	92,721
ESEA, Title II, Part A - Teacher and Principal Training	84.367A	24694501246911	94,676
Title III, Part A - English Lang. Acquisition and Enhancement	84.365A	24671001246911	47,906
COVID-19, ESSER III	84.425U	21528001246911	1,183,428
Title IV, Part A, Subpart I	84.424A	24680101246911	27,211
Stronger Connections	84.424F	236811017110067	10,645
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.424			37,856
Total Passed through Texas Education Agency			3,116,377
<u>Passed through Regional Education Service Center 13</u>			
COVID-19, SSA - ARP Act - Homeless II	84.425W	24-227950	16,130
Title IV, Part-B - 21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	24-227950	331,700
Total Passed through Regional Education Service Center 13			347,830
<u>Passed through Regional Education Service Center 10</u>			
Special Education Capacity Contracted Services Grant	84.027A	24-057950	14,183
Total Passed through Regional Education Service Center 10			14,183
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			\$ 3,478,390
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<u>Passed through Texas Education Agency</u>			
National School Breakfast Program ²	10.553	71402301	\$ 702,049
National School Lunch Program ²	10.555	71302301	1,062,156
Total Passed through Texas Education Agency			1,764,205
<u>Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture</u>			
Food Distribution Program - Non-Cash Assistance ²	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	130,893
NSLP Dinners - Snacks (All Campuses) ²	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	51,317
Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555			182,210
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	NT4XL1YGLGC5	295,896
Total Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture			478,106
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			2,242,311
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 5,720,701

PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	1 Federal ALN Number	2a Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	3 Federal Expenditures
<i>Not Considered Federal Financial Assistance:</i>			
School Health and Related Services (SHARS) Revenue			\$ 64,580
CDC Relief			<u>31,246</u>
TOTAL FEDERAL REVENUE PER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE			<u><u>\$ 5,816,527</u></u>

¹ *Special Education (IDEA) Cluster as defined in OMB Compliance Supplement.*

² *Child Nutrition Cluster as defined in OMB Compliance Supplement.*

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the “Schedule”) includes the federal awards expenditures of Taylor Independent School District (the “District”) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in the accompanying Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net position, or cash flows of the District.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting - The expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented using the modified-accrual basis of accounting, with the exception of the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program and the Food Distribution Program. Under the modified-accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited to reimbursement.

Expenditures for the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program and the Food Distribution Program are shown on the Schedule in an amount equal to the related revenue, but are not specifically attributable to this revenue source. Expenditures are reported in this manner due to the Child Nutrition Fund being a fund that combines local, state, and federal revenues, and spends those resources together to support the overall operations of the Child Nutrition Program.

The District has elected to not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Relationship to Basic Financial Statements - Expenditures of federal awards are reported in the District’s basic financial statements in the special revenue funds.

Relationship to Federal Financial Reports - Amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports in all significant respects.

Valuation of Non-Cash Programs – The District values revenues and expenditures for the Food Distribution Program based on the value of commodities received.

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR’S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor’s report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? Yes No
- Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes No

FEDERAL AWARDS

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weakness(es) identified? Yes No
- Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes None reported

Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major programs:

Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief	Unmodified
Title I, Part A	Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the federal Uniform Guidance? Yes No

Identification of major programs:

<u>ALN Number(s)</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>
84.425U, 84.425W	Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief
84.010A	Title I, Part A

Dollar threshold used to distinguish Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes No

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Findings Related to Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*:

No findings or questioned costs required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Findings Related to Federal Awards Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with federal Uniform Guidance:

No findings or questioned costs required to be reported in accordance with federal Uniform Guidance for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.